

KEMENTERIAN KESEHATAN REPUBLIK INDONESIA

POLITEKNIK KESEHATAN KEMENKES RIAU

JURUSAN DIII GIZI

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KHAIRUNNISA

GAMBARAN TINGKAT PENGETAHUAN IBU DAN STATUS GIZI BALITA 1-5 TAHUN DI POSYANDU WILAYAH DUSUN I DESA BARU KECAMATAN SIAK HULU KABUPATEN KAMPAR

Abstrak

Pengetahuan ibu yang baik tentang gizi dan kesehatan diharapkan dapat mempengaruhi sikap dan perilakunya dalam menyediakan makanan. Status gizi balita adalah keadaan tubuh manusia sebagai akibat konsumsi makanan dan penggunaan zat-zat gizi. Adapun kategori dari status gizi dibedakan menjadi tiga, yaitu gizi lebih, gizi baik, dan gizi kurang. Tujuan umum dari penelitian ini adalah mengetahui Gambaran Tingkat Pengetahuan Ibu dan Status Gizi Balita 1-5 tahun di Posyandu Wilayah Dusun I Desa Baru Kecamatan Siak Hulu Kabupaten Kampar.

Desain penelitian menggunakan jenis penelitian *deskriptif*. Populasi dalam penelitian ini adalah balita di Posyandu Wilayah Dusun I Desa Baru Kecamatan Siak Hulu Kabupaten Kampar sebanyak 53 balita.

Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan pengetahuan ibu memiliki rata-rata kategori cukup sebanyak 26 orang sebesar 49,05%. Untuk balita dengan status gizi berdasarkan indikator (BB/U) Resiko Berat Badan Lebih sebesar 1,88%, Berat Badan Normal sebesar 81,13%, Berat Badan Kurang sebesar 11,33% dan Berat Badan Sangat Kurang sebesar 5,66%. Untuk balita dengan status gizi berdasarkan indikator (TB/U) Pendek sebesar 15,09%, dan Normal sebesar 84,90%. Untuk balita dengan status gizi berdasarkan indikator (BB/TB) Gizi Buruk sebesar 5,66%, Gizi Kurang sebesar 9,43%, Gizi Baik sebesar 83,01%, dan Obesitas sebesar 1,88%.

Referensi : 38 (2004 – 2019)

Kata Kunci : Balita, Pengetahuan Gizi Ibu, Status Gizi

**MINISTRY OF HEALTH OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA
RIAU MINISTRY OF HEALTH POLYTECHNIC**

DIII NUTRITION DEPARTMENT

FINAL PROJECT, 2021

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**DESCRIPTION OF MOTHER'S KNOWLEDGE LEVEL AND NUTRITIONAL STATUS
TO 1-5 YEARS OLD IN POSYANDU, DUSUN I REGION, NEW VILLAGE, SIAK HULU
DISTRICT, KAMPAR REGENCY**

ABSTRAK

Good knowledge of mothers about nutrition and health is expected to influence their attitudes and behavior in providing food. The nutritional status of children under five is the condition of the human body as a result of food consumption and the use of nutrients. The categories of nutritional status are divided into three, namely over nutrition, good nutrition, and less nutrition. The general objective of this study was to determine the level of knowledge of mothers and nutritional status of toddlers 1-5 years old in the Posyandu, Dusun I, Baru Village, Siak Hulu District, Kampar Regency.

The research design used a descriptive type of research. The population in this study were children under five in the Posyandu, Hamlet I Region, Baru Village, Siak Hulu District, Kampar Regency as many as 53 toddlers.

The results of this study indicate that the mother's knowledge has a sufficient category average of 26 people at 49.05%. For toddlers with nutritional status based on indicators (W/U) the Risk of Overweight is 1.88%, Normal Weight is 81.13%, Underweight is 11.33% and Very Underweight is 5.66%. For toddlers with nutritional status based on indicators (TB/U) Short is 15.09%, and Normal is 84.90%. For toddlers with nutritional status based on indicators (BB/TB) Malnutrition is 5.66%, Malnutrition is 9.43%, Good Nutrition is 83.01%, and Obesity is 1.88%.

Reference : 38 (2004 – 2019)

Keywords: Toddler, Mother's Nutrition Knowledge, Nutritional Status